

ISOBUTYLENE

Version 1.0 Revision Date 08/25/2014 Print Date 01/23/2016 SDS No.: BE112

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : ISOBUTYLENE CAS Number: 115-11-7 Chemical characterization : Alkenes Chemical Name : Isobutylene

Synonyms : Isobutene, Unsaturated Butene, 2-Methylpropene

Use of the : Manufacture of substances, Use as intermediate

Substance/Mixture

Company : Lyondell Chemical Company

LyondellBasell Tower, Suite 300

1221 McKinney St. P.O. Box 2583

Houston Texas 77252-2583

Telephone : Customer Service 888 777-0232

Product Safety 800 700-0946

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SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Flammable gases
Gases under pressure
Liquefied gas
Acute aquatic toxicity
Category 3
Simple Asphyxiant

GHS Classification Scale (1= severe hazard; 4= slight hazard)

Label elements

Hazard symbols



Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H402 Harmful to aquatic life.

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Precautionary : Prevention

Statements P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

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flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response

P377 Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.

P381 Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Storage

P410 + P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Other hazards

No additional information available.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances

Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight %	Component
	EC-No.		Type
Isobutylene	115-11-7	>= 99.0 %	Α

Key:

(A) Substance

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First aid procedures

General advice : This product is of low acute toxicity.

Simple asphyxiant, high concentrations can displace oxygen

and cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Sudden release of this material from pressurized vessels may

result in cryogenic burns (frostbite).

Remove contaminated clothes except in the case of frostbite.

Always observe self-protection methods

Move out of dangerous area. Get medical attention immediately.

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance.

If inhaled : IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a

position comfortable for breathing. Do not leave the victim unattended. Keep patient warm and at rest.

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Immediately seek medical attention. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

In the event of unconsciousness, apnea or cardiac arrest (no

pulse), apply cardiopulmonary resuscitation.

In case of skin contact : Non-irritating to the skin.

Dermal contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result in

freezing of the tissues or frostbite.

If frostbite has occurred, seek medical attention immediately; do not rub the affected area or flush with water. To prevent further damage, do not attempt to remove frozen clothing from affected area. If frostbite has not occurred, immediately and thoroughly wash contaminated skin with soap and water.

In case of eye contact : This gas is non-irritating; but direct contact with

liquified/pressurized gas or frost particles may produce severe and possibly permanent eye damage from freeze burns. If eye tissue is frozen, seek medical attention immediately. If tissue is not frozen, thoroughly flush the eyes with large amounts of clean low-pressure water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. If irritation

persists seek medical attention.

If swallowed : This substance is a gas with a low boiling point; hence, oral

exposure and resulting acute toxicity are unlikely.

Notes to physician

Symptoms : High vapor concentrations may cause central nervous system

(CNS) depression with symptoms such as nausea, dizziness,

weakness, headache, loss of coordination, loss of

consciousness, coma and death.

Hazards : Simple asphyxiant.

Skin or eye contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result

in freezing of the tissues or frostbite.

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of

symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

Epinephrine and other sympathomimetic drugs may initiate cardiac arrhythmias (irregular beating) in persons exposed to

this material.

Treat frost-bitten areas as needed.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable properties

Flash point : -105 °F (-76 °C)

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: 869 °F (465 °C) Autoignition temperature

Lower explosion limit 1.8 vol%

Upper explosion limit : 9.6 vol%

Fire fighting

Suitable extinguishing media : SMALL FIRE: Use dry chemicals, CO2

LARGE FIRES:

Use water spray or fog

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use solid water stream - may spread fire.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Eliminate all sources of ignition.

Releases extremely flammable vapors well below ambient

temperatures.

When exposed to ignition source in air, vapors can burn in

open or explode if confined.

Potential explosion hazard from reignition, if fire is put out

without shutting off source.

May travel long distances along the ground before igniting and

flashing back to vapor source.

Heat/contamination can release extremely flammable

isobutvlene gas.

Metal corrosion may generate flammable hydrogen gas. DO NOT extinguish a leaking gas fire unless leak can be stopped. Explosive atmosphere could form. Evacuate area and fight fire from a maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Containers can build up pressure if exposure to heat; cool with flooding quantities of water until well after the fire is out. DO NOT direct water at source of leak or pressure relief devices, icing may occur. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of vessel. Always stay away

from the ends of "bullet" tanks.

Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose

holders or monitor nozzles.

Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after

fire is out.

For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire

burn.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus

(SCBA).

Structural firefighter's protective clothing will only provide

limited protection.

Always wear thermal protective clothing when handling

refrigerated/cryogenic liquids.

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SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas.

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

An authoritative evaluation of environmental exposure and risk

indicates that no special risk management practices are

needed to control environmental release.

Methods for containment / Methods for cleaning up

: Extremely flammable.

Release causes immediate fire/explosion hazard.

Eliminate all sources of ignition. Isolate area until gas has dispersed.

Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in

closed spaces.

All equipment used when handling this product must be

grounded.

Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

Stop leak if you can do it without risk.

If possible, turn leaking container so that gas escapes rather

than liquid.

Use water spray to reduce vapors; do not put water directly on

leak, spill area or inside container.

Prevent spreading of vapors through sewers, ventilation

systems and confined areas.

Isolate area until gas has dispersed.

Caution: When in contact with refrigerated/cryogenic liquids, many materials become brittle and are likely to break without

warning.

Report per regulatory requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Advice on safe handling : All electrical equipment/practices must conform with

appropriate codes.

Use proper pressure reducing regulator when connecting to

lower pressure service.

Prevent entrapment of liquid in closed systems/if applicable

use check valves to prevent backflow.

Sudden release of this material from pressurized vessels may

result in cryogenic burns (frostbite).

If inspection shows cylinders in poor condition, immediately

contact supplier.



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Handle empty containers with care; vapor/residue may be extremely flammable.

Isolate, vent, drain, wash and purge systems or equipment before maintenance or repair.

Eliminate all sources of ignition.

Check atmosphere for explosiveness and oxygen deficiencies.

Wear recommended personal protective equipment.

Observe precautions pertaining to confined space entry.

Keep away from all sources of ignition.

Keep away from direct sunlight.

Electrostatic charges may be generated as a result of flow or agitation.

All equipment must conform to applicable electrical code.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze solder, drill, or grind on containers.

While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover.

Securely chain cylinders when in use and protect against physical damage.

Do not enter areas where used or stored until adequately ventilated.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Storage

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Store only in well ventilated, easily accessible area, away from heat/spark and open flame.

Store cylinders outdoors without direct sunlight or heat radiation and with adequate ventilation. Provide electrical

equipment with spark resistant construction.

Ensure that all relevant regulations regarding explosive atmospheres, and handling and storage facilities of flammable

products are followed.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Ingredients	CAS-No.	Type	Limit Value	Basis	Additional
				Revision Date	Information
Isobutylene	115-11-7	TWA	250 ppm	US (ACGIH) 2012	

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.



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Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Electrical equipment should be grounded and conform to applicable electrical code.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure

limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Hand protection : Leather gloves should be worn when handling material.

Eye and face protection : Wear safety glasses as minimum eye protection. Conditions

may warrant the use of chemical goggles and possibly a face shield. Consult your standard operating procedure or safety professional for advice. Use protective eye and face devices

that comply with ANSI Z87.1-1987.

Skin and body protection : When skin contact is possible, protective clothing including

gloves, apron, sleeves, boots, head and face protection

should be worn.

Fire retardant clothing is appropriate for routine occupational

use.

The equipment must be cleaned thoroughly after each use.

Hygiene measures : Selection of appropriate personal protective equipment should

be based on an evaluation of the performance characteristics of the protective equipment relative to the task(s) to be performed, conditions present, duration of use, and the hazards and/or potential hazards that may be encountered

during use.

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Use good personal hygiene practices.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Physical state : Liquified gas.

gaseous at 68 °F (20 °C) (1,013 hPa (760 mm Hg))

Color : Clear, colorless.

Odor : Slight sweet odor.

Safety data

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Flash point : $-105 \, ^{\circ}\text{F} \, (-76 \, ^{\circ}\text{C})$

Lower explosion limit : 1.8 vol%

Upper explosion limit : 9.6 vol%

Flammability (solid, gas) : Extremely flammable gas.

Oxidizing properties : Not considered an oxidizing agent.

Autoignition temperature : 869 °F (465 °C)

Molecular weight : 56.11 g/mol

Decomposition temperature : not determined

pH : Not applicable.

Melting point/range : -221.3 °F (-140.7 °C)

Boiling point/boiling range : 19.6 °F (-6.9 °C)

at 1,013 hPa (760 mm Hg)

Vapor pressure : 2,560 - 2,580 hPa (1,920 - 1,935 mm Hg)

at 68 °F (20 °C)

Density : 0.59 g/cm3

at 68 °F (20 °C) (Air = 1.0)

Water solubility : 263 mg/l

at 77 °F (25 °C)

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 2.34

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Relative vapor density : 1.94

(Air = 1.0)

Explosive properties : Not considered explosive

Remarks - Other information : No additional information available.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Chemical stability : Stable

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Conditions to avoid : Heat, sparks, open flame, other ignition sources, and oxidizing

conditions.

Materials to avoid : Halides.

Hydrogen.

Halogens (bromine, chlorine, fluorine).

Strong oxidizing agents. Aluminum chloride.

Hazardous decomposition

Thermal decomposition

products

: Carbon Monoxide and Carbon dioxide.

: Thermal decomposition may produce carbon monoxide and

other toxic vapors.

Hazardous reactions : Not expected to occur.

Stable.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Summary : The below given information is based on the assessment of

the product including impurities.

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity : Not applicable

Acute inhalation toxicity : Based on acute toxicity values, not classified.

: LC50: > 10000 ppm

Species: Rat

Acute dermal toxicity : Not applicable

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

: Dermal contact with rapidly evaporating liquid could result in

freezing of the tissues or frostbite.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

: Not classified

: Contact with liquid may cause frostbite.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization

Not applicable

Skin sensitization Not applicable



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Chronic toxicity

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Contains a substance that has a positive carcinogenicity

study.

The weight of evidence for the carcinogenicity of this substance does not meet the criteria for classification.

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

No adverse effect observed.

Reproductive toxicity

Effects on fertility / : Not classified

Effects on or via lactation
No adverse effect observed.

Effects on Development : Not classified

No adverse effect observed.

Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure

: Based on single exposure toxicity values, not classified.

: High concentrations may cause central nervous system

depression.

Target Organ Systemic

Toxicant - Repeated

exposure

: Based on repeated exposure toxicity values, not classified.

Aspiration hazard : Not applicable.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity : Classified

Harmful to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Not classified

QSAR (Quantitative structure-activity relationship) based

calculation predicts low chronic toxicity.

Toxicity to fish

Harmful to fish.

LC50: 28.9 mg/l

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Exposure time: 96 HOURS

Species: Fish

(QSAR calculated value)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

: Harmful to aquatic invertebrates

: LC50: 16.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 HOURS Species: daphnids. (QSAR calculated value)

Toxicity to algae : Harmful to algae.

: EC50: 13.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 HOURS Species: green algae. (QSAR calculated value)

Toxicity to bacteria : no data available

Toxicity to fish (Chronic

toxicity)

: Predicted low chronic toxicity to fish (QSAR)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

(Chronic toxicity)

: Predicted low chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates (QSAR)

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability : Expected to be biodegradable

: Photodegradation following atmospheric release is expected

to be the most significant route of degradation in the

environment.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation : This material is not expected to bioaccumulate.

: Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 16.25 Method: (QSAR calculated value)

Mobility in soil

Distribution among

environmental compartments

: Stability in soil

Low potential for soil adsorption expected

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: Stability in water

Not expected to hydrolyze readily.

Additional advice Environmental fate and

pathways

: No additional information available.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not applicable.

Other adverse effects

Additional ecological

information

: No additional information available.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Further information : Preferred disposal for this volatile, flammable product is

through combustion.

Contaminated product/soil/water/empty containers may be U.S. Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)/U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) hazardous waste due to possible presence of flammable

gases.

(See 40 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 261 and 29

CFR 1910).

Landfill solids at permitted sites. Use registered transporters.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN number : 1055
Description of the goods : Isobutylene

Class : 2.1 Labels : 2.1

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

If identified components of this product are listed under the TSCA 12(b) Export Notification rule, they will be listed below.

SARA 302/304

This product contains no known chemicals regulated under SARA 302/304.

SARA 311/312

Based upon available information, this material is classified as the following health and/or physical



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SARA 311/312

hazards according to Section 311 & 312:

Immediate/Health

Fire Hazard.

Sudden Release of Pressure.

SARA 313

This product contains no known chemicals regulated under SARA 313.

State Reporting

This material contains the following chemical substance at very low levels which is regulated under California Proposition 65. However, it is the responsibility of the California business owner to develop his or her own regulatory compliance plan. Contact Product Safety for further information at product.safety@lyondellbasell.com.

Substance	CASRN	Type of Toxicity			
		Carcinogen	Developmental	Repro-Male	Repro-
					Female
Acetaldehyde	75-07-0	X			

This product contains the following chemicals regulated by New Jersey's Worker and Community Right to Know Act:

115-11-7 Isobutylene

This product contains the following chemicals regulated by Massachusetts' Right to Know Law:

115-11-7 Isobutylene

This product contains the following chemicals regulated by Pennsylvania's Right to Know Act:

115-11-7 Isobutylene

Other international regulations

Global Inventory Status

The ingredients of this product are compliant with the following chemical inventory requirements or exemptions.

*Additional Explanatory Status Statements follow the table, as necessary.

Country/Region	Inventory	Status Description
Australia	AICS	Compliant
Canada	DSL	Compliant
China	IECSC	Compliant
Europe	REACH	See REACH Compliance Statement
Japan	ENCS	Compliant
Korea	KECI	Compliant
New Zealand	NZIoC	Compliant
Philippines	PICCS	Compliant
United States of America	TSCA	Compliant

REACh status



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If the product has been purchased from any company of the LyondellBasell group of companies registered in the European Union, we confirm that the chemical substance in this product has been pre-registered or, where required under REACh, registered, and that we have the intention to proceed with any required registration in accordance with the deadlines set forth in REACh. (Regulation (EU) No. 1907/2006)

Contact product.safety@lyondellbasell.com for additional global inventory information.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

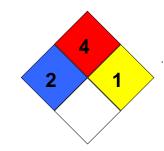
Further information

HMIS Classification : Health Hazard: 1

Flammability: 4 Physical hazards: 0

NFPA Classification : Health Hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 4 Instability: 1



0

Other Information

HMIS rating scale (0 = minimal hazard; 4 = severe hazard) NFPA rating scale (0 = minimal hazard; 4 = severe hazard)

Material safety datasheet sections which have been updated:

Updated format; Revised Section(s): 1 - 16 August 18 2014

Disclaimer

This document is generated for the purpose of distributing health, safety, and environmental data.

Information is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of the SDS publication. It is not a specification sheet nor should any displayed data be construed as a specification. Before using a product sold by a company of the LyondellBasell family of companies, users should make their own independent determination that the product is suitable for the intended use and can be used safely and legally. SELLER MAKES NO WARRANTY; EXPRESS OR IMPLIED (INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY WARRANTY) OTHER THAN AS SEPARATELY AGREED TO BY THE PARTIES IN A CONTRACT.

This product(s) may not be used in:

(i) any U.S. FDA Class I, Health Canada Class I, and/or European Union Class I medical devices, without prior notification to Seller for each specific product and application; or (ii) the

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